

## **HYDROCHLORIC ACID, 37%**

### **MSDS Number**

BBBQN

### **National Stock Number**

6810-00B130001

### **Product Name**

HYDROCHLORIC ACID, 37%

### **Manufacturer**

MALLINCKRODT

### **Product Identification**

Product ID:HYDROCHLORIC ACID, 37%

MSDS Date:09/10/1986

FSC:6810

NIIN:00B130001

MSDS Number: BBBQN

### **Responsible Party**

MALLINCKRODT

PARIS , KY 43061

US

Emergency Phone: 314982-5000

Cage: ZA916

### **Contractor**

MALLINCKRODT SPECIALTY CHEMICALS CO

PHILLIPSBURG, NJ 08865

US

908-859-2151

Cage: 62910

### **Ingredients**

HYDROGEN CHLORIDE (HYDROCHLORIC ACID) (SARA III)

CAS: 7647-01-0

RTECS: MW4025000

Fraction By Weight: 37%

OSHA PELC 5 PPM

ACGIH TLV: C 5 PPM; 9192

EPA Report Quantity: 5000 LBS

DOT Report Quantity: 5000 LBS

### **Hazards**

Routes of Entry: Inhalation:YES Skin:YES Ingestion:YES

Health Hazards Acute and Chronic:INHALATION:CORROSIVE!INHALATION OF VAPORS CAN CAUSE COUGHING,CHOKING INFLAMATION OF THE NOSE,THROAT,AND UPPER RESPIRATORY

TRACT.INGESTION:CORROSIVE!SWALLOWING CAN CAUSE IMMEDIATE PAIN AND BURNS OF THE MOUTH,THROAT,ESOPHAGUS AND GASTROINTESTINAL TRACT.MAY CAUSE NAUSEA,VOMITING,AND DIARRHEA.REFER TO SUPPL SAFETY/HEALTH.

Effects of Overexposure:INHALATION OF HIGH CONCENTRATIONS MAY CAUSE LUNG DAMAGE.SKIN CONTACT:CONCENTRATED SOLUTIONS CAUSE DEEP ULCERS

AND DISCOLOR SKIN. LONG-TERM EXPOSURE TO CONCENTRATED VAPORS MAY CAUSE EROSION OF TEETH. LONG TERM EXPOSURES SELDOM OCCUR DUE TO THE CORROSIVE PROPERTIES OF THE ACID.

Medical Condition Aggravated by Exposure: PERSONS WITH PRE-EXISTING SKIN DISORDERS OR EYE DISEASE MAY BE MORE SUSCEPTIBLE TO THE EFFECTS OF THIS SUBSTANCE.

## First Aid

First Aid: INHALATION: REMOVE TO FRESH AIR. IF NOT BREATHING, GIVE ARTIFICIAL RESPIRATION. IF BREATHING IS DIFFICULT, GIVE OXYGEN. INGESTION: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. GIVE LARGE QUANT. OF WATER OR MILK. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION ON SKIN CONTACT: IMMEDIATELY FLUSH SKIN WITH PLENTY OF WATER FOR 15 MIN. REMOVE CONTAM. CLOTHING & SHOES. EYE CONTACT: WASH W/ PLENTY OF WATER FOR 15 MIN. LIFTING LOWER AND UPPER EYELIDS. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION.

## Fire Fighting

Extinguishing Media: IF INVOLVED IN A FIRE, USE WATER SPRAY.

Fire Fighting Procedures: WEAR FULL PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AND NIOSH APPROVED SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS WITH FULL FACEPIECE OPERATED IN THE PRESSURE DEMAND OR OTHER POSITIVE MODE.

Unusual Fire/Explosion Hazard: NOT CONSIDERED TO BE AN EXPLOSION HAZARD.

## Accidental Release

Spill Release Procedures: SMALL SPILLS: FLUSH WITH WATER AND NEUTRALIZE WITH ALKALINE MATERIAL (SODA ASH, LIME, ETC) SEWER NEUTRALIZED MATERIAL WITH EXCESS WATER. LARGE SPILLS AND LOT SIZES: NEUTRALIZE W/ ALKALINE MATERIAL, PICK UP W/ A BSORBENT MATERIAL (SAND, EARTH, VERMICULITE).

Neutralizing Agent: ALKALINE MATERIAL

## Handling

Handling and Storage Precautions: CONTAINERS MAY BURST WHEN HEATED. KEEP IN A TIGHTLY CLOSED CONTAINER, STORED IN A COOL, DRY, VENTILATED AREA. PROTECT FROM PHYSICAL DAMAGE & DIRECT SUNLIGHT.

Other Precautions: ISOLATE FROM INCOMPATIBLE SUBSTANCES. PROTECT FROM MOISTURE. DANGER! CORROSIVE LIQUID AND MIST CAUSE SEVERE BURNS TO ALL BODY TISSUE. MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED. HARMFUL IF INHALED. INHALATION MAY CAUSE LUNG DAMAGE.

## Exposure Controls

Respiratory Protection: IF THE TLV IS EXCEEDED A FULL FACEPIECE CHEMICAL CARTRIDGE RESPIRATOR MAY BE WORN. ALTERNATIVELY, A SUPPLIED AIR FULL FACEPIECE RESPIRATOR OR AIRLINED HOOD MAY BE WORN.

Ventilation: LOCAL AND/OR GENERAL EXHAUST TO KEEP EMPLOYEE EXPOSURE BELOW AIRBORNE EXPOSURE LIMITS. LOCAL EXHAUST VENTILATION IS PREFERRED.

Protective Gloves: RUBBER OR NEOPRENE GLOVES

Eye Protection: CHEMICAL SAFETY GOGGLES/ FULL FACE SHIELD

Other Protective Equipment: IMPERVIOUS BOOTS, APRON, OR COVERALLS TO PREVENT SKIN CONTACT. CONTACT LENSES SHOULD NOT BE WORN.

Work Hygienic Practices: MAINTAIN EYE WASH FOUNTAIN AND QUICK-DRENCH FACILITIES IN WORK AREA. WASH EXPOSED SKIN THOROUGHLY AFTER HANDLING.

Supplemental Safety and Health

SKIN CONTACT: CAN CAUSE REDNESS, PAIN, AND SEVERE SKIN BURNS. EYE

CONTACT: VAPORS ARE IRRITATING AND MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO THE EYES. SPLASHES MAY CAUSE SEVERE BURNS AND PERMANENT EYE DAMAGE. THIS IS A CORROSIVE MATERIAL. THIS SUBSTANCE IS CLASSIFIED AS A POISON UNDER THE FEDERAL CAUSTIC POISON ACT.

## Chemical Properties

Boiling Pt: B.P. Text: 53C (127F)

Melt/Freeze Pt: M.P/F.P Text: 74C (101F)

Vapor Pres: 190 @ 25C

Spec Gravity: 1.18

Solubility in Water: INFINITE

Appearance and Odor: CLEAR, COLORLESS FUMING LIQUID W/ PUNGENT ODOR OF HYDROGEN CHLORIDE.

## Stability

Stability Indicator/Materials to Avoid: YES

CYANIDES, SULFIDES, SULFITES, AND FORMALDEHYDE. ALSO W/STRONG BASES, METALS, METAL OXIDES, HYDROXIDES, AMINES, CARBONATES.

Stability Condition to Avoid: STABLE UNDER ORDINARY CONDITIONS OF USE AND STORAGE.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: EMITS TOXIC HYDROGEN CHLORIDE FUMES AND WILL REACT WITH WATER OR STREAM TO PRODUCE HEAT AND TOXIC AND CORROSIVE FUMES.

## Disposal

Waste Disposal Methods: DISPOSE IN A RCRA-APPROVED WASTE FACILITY OR SEWER THE NEUTRALIZED SLURRY WITH EXCESS WATER IF LOCAL ORDINANCES ALLOW.

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