

# **ORANGE FLUORESCENT STRIPE**

### **MSDS Number**

**BHLTM** 

#### **National Stock Number**

8010-00-958-8148

#### **Product Name**

ORANGE FLUORESCENT STRIPE

#### Manufacturer

SEYMOUR OF SYCAMORE INC

#### **Product Identification**

Product ID:ORANGE FLUORESCENT STRIPE MSDS Date: 06/08/1989 FSC:8010 NIIN:00-958-8148 MSDS Number: BHLTM

**Responsible Party** 

SEYMOUR OF SYCAMORE, INC.

917 CROSBY AVE.

SYCAMORE, IL 60178

Emergency Phone: (815) 895-9101

Info Phone: (815) 895-9101

Cage: 59581 **Contractor** 

# SEYMOUR OF SYCAMORE

SYCAMORE, IL 60178-1343

US

815-895-9101/800-255-3924

Cage: 59581 **Ingredients** 

# TOLUENE (SARA III)

CAS: 108-88-3

RTECS: XS5250000

Fraction By Weight: 3.91% OSHA PEL200 PPM/150 STEL ACGIH TLV: 50 PPM; 9293 EPA Report Quantity: 1000 LBS

DOT Report Quantity: 1000 LBS

VM&P NAPHTHA (LIGROINE)

CAS: 8032-32-4 RTECS: 0I6180000

Fraction By Weight: 3.19% OSHA PEL300 PPM/400 STEL



ACGIH TLV: 300 PPM; 9192

XYLENES (O-,M-,P- ISOMERS) (SARA III)

CAS: 1330-20-7 RTECS: ZE2100000

Fraction By Weight: 9.15% OSHA PEL100 PPM/150 STEL

ACGIH TLV: 100 PPM/150STEL;9192 EPA Report Quantity: 1000 LBS

DOT Report Quantity: 1000 LBS

**HEXANE (N-HEXANE)** 

CAS: 110-54-3

RTECS: MN9275000

Fraction By Weight: 12.25%

OSHA PEL500 PPM

ACGIH TLV: 50 PPM; 9293 EPA Report Quantity: 1 LB DOT Report Quantity: 1 LB

SOLVENT NAPHTHA (LIGHT AROMATIC)

CAS: 64742-95-6

Fraction By Weight: 5.25%

ACGIH TLV: 100 PPM

**PROPANE** 

CAS: 74-98-6

RTECS: TX2275000

Fraction By Weight: 18.7%

OSHA PEL1000 PPM

ACGIH TLV: ASPHYXIANT; 9192

ISOBUTANE

CAS: 75-28-5

RTECS: TZ4300000

Fraction By Weight: 12.5% OSHA PEL1800 MG/CUM ACGIH TLV: 1000 PPM

#### **Hazards**

Routes of Entry: Inhalation:YES Skin:YES Ingestion:NO Reports of Carcinogenicity:NTP:NO IARC:NO OSHA:NO

Health Hazards Acute and Chronic:INHALATION: RESPIRATORY SYSTEM IRRITATION, HEADACHE, DIZZINESS, NAUSEA, UNCONSCIOUSNESS,



ASPHYXIATION. EYE/SKIN: IRRITATION. Explanation of Carcinogenicity: NONE

Effects of Overexposure:INHALATION: IRRITATION TO RESPIRATORY TRACT, HEADACHES, DIZZINESS, ANESTHETIC, & CENTRAL NERVOUS DEPRESSION & DEATH. EYES: IRRITATION. SKIN: DEFATTING, IRRITATION, DERMATITIS. . Medical Cond Aggravated by Exposure:HEALTH STUDIES HAVE SHOWN THAT PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS POSE POTENTIAL HUMAN HEALTH RISKS WHICH MAY VARY FROM PERSON TO PERSON.

#### First Aid

First Aid:INHALATION: REMOVE TO FRESH AIR. IF BREATHING STOPS, BEGIN ARTIFICIAL RESPIRATION. SEEK MED ATT. EYES: FLUSH W/PLENTY OF WATER FOR AT LEAST 15 MINUTES. GET MED ATT. SKIN: WASH W/SOAP & WATER. INGESTIO N: CALL PHYSICIAN.

## **Fire Fighting**

Flash Point Method:TOC

Flash Point:-10F Lower Limits:1.00% Upper Limits:2.30%

Extinguishing Media: CO2, DRY CHEMICAL, FOAM

Fire Fighting Procedures: WATER SPRAY MAY BE INEFFECTIVE. WATER MAY BE USED TO COOL CONTAINERS TO PREVENT BURSTING. IF WATER IS USED, FOG

NOZZLES ARE PREFERABLE. WEAR GOGGLES & SCBA.

Unusual Fire/Explosion Hazard: EXPOSURE TO HEAT MAY CAUSE BURSTING OF AEROSOL CAN.

#### **Accidental Release**

Spill Release Procedures: REMOVE ALL SOURCES OF IGNITION, AVOID BREATHING VAPORS, VENTILATE AREA. WIPE UP W/INERT MATERIALS & PLACE IN APPROPRIATE CONTAINER.

# **Handling**

Handling and Storage Precautions: DON'T STORE >120F. EXPOSURE TO HEAT OR PROLONG EXPOSURE TO SUN MAY CAUSE BURSTING. DON'T PLACE AEROSOL CANS IN HOME COMPACTOR. DON'T PUNCTURE.

Other Precautions: EXPOSURE TO LIQUIDS, VAPORS, MISTS OR FUMES SHOULD BE MINIMIZED. AVOID BREATHING VAPORS & SPRAY MISTS. USE ONLY A S DIRECTED. DILIBERATELY CONCENTRATING VAPORS & INHALING CONTENTS CAN BE HARMFUL OR FA TAL.

#### **Exposure Controls**

Respiratory Protection: AVOID CONTINUOUS BREATHING OF VAPORS & SPRAY MIST. A SELF CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS IS REQUIRED FOR CONCENTRATIONS >TLV LIMITS.

Ventilation: USE W/ADEQUATE VENTILATION, SUFFICIENT TO PREVENT INHALATION OF SOLVENT VAPORS.

Protective Gloves: OPTIONAL

Eye Protection: UPON DIRECT CONTACT W/SPRAY Work Hygienic Practices: WASH W/SOAP & WATER.

Supplemental Safety and Health

HIGH VAPOR CONCENTRATIONS OF >1000 PPM ARE IRRITATING TO EYES & RESPIRATORY TRACT, CAUSING HEADACHES, DIZZINESS, & OTHER CNS EFFECTS INCLUDING DEATH.

#### **Chemical Properties**

HCC:V3

Vapor Density:>AIR

Evaporation Rate & Reference: FASTER THAN ETHER

Percent Volatiles by Volume:85%

#### Stability

Stability Indicator/Materials to Avoid:YES

STRONG OXIDIZING MATERIALS.

Stability Condition to Avoid:DON'T STORE >120F. KEEP FROM SPARKS, PILOT

LIGHTS OR OPEN FLAME.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: HAZARDOUS FUMES, CO2, CO.



# **Disposal**

Waste Disposal Methods: DON'T INCINERATE AEROSOL, DISPOSE OF IN ACCORDANCE W/LOCAL, STATE & FEDERAL REGULATIONS. DON'T PLACE AEROSOL CANS IN HOME COMPACTOR. DON'T PUNCTURE.

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